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THE ROLE OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF THE IMPERIAL UNIVERSITIES 1863 IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF SCIENTIFIC JURISPRUDENCE

Summary

This article is devoted to the development of law education and jurisprudence science in Ukraine in the period covering 60-80 years of the XIX cent. It describes the role of the General Statute of 1863 imperial universities in the development of scientific jurisprudence, and about the content of juridical education and science. gives an example the development of science of criminal law in the works of V. D. Spasovych. Much part of the article text is devoted to analysis of scientific jurisprudence in Kiev Law Society at St. Vladimir Kiev University.

In the article shown, that legal activity varied by its content: each of the legal professions demands specific knowledge of methods of legal thinking, human qualities. In the article, we can conclude that the role of General statutes 1863 in the development of scientific jurisprudence was especial. All universities of Russian Empire expanded it, with the permission of the Ministry of Education, adding new subjects - such as commercial law, commercial litigation. Very interesting was appearance in a program of a juridical educational institution such sciences as world

history of law, history of law philosophy and, lectures about various areas of law in foreign countries.

The national law in the 60-70 years of the nineteenth century always went beyond of national legislation. Scientific research of homeland lawyers began to spread not only to the current legislation of foreign countries, but also on the best models of legal creativity in the past.

Keywrds: *General statutes of the Imperial universities 1863, scientific jurisprudence, Kiev Law Society, the science of criminal law, legal education.*